

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 8, 1880.

Tus returns from Indiana show that all the constitutional amendments were adopted. No election will therefore be held in that state until November, and Ohio at once becomes the great potential October state.

The balance of trade is running heavily against the country—the imports of last week amounting to \$1,000,000, while the exports were only \$7,000,000 in round numbers. John Sherman is paying off a good deal of debt, but his resumption scheme cannot long stand an adverse tide of two hundred millions a year.

Mr. Ernest Brooks, of the New York Evening Express, a veteran editor, will be in attendance upon the southern press convention which meets in Atlanta next Thursday. An effort will be made to induce Mr. Brooks to deliver his lecture on "The Historical Press," which is enthusiastically praised by those who have heard it. If his consent can be obtained, arrangements will probably be made for its delivery Thursday night.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURRIE is a thorn in the side of the machine politicians that cannot be turned down. Defeated on Staten Island, he is trying to become a delegate to Chicago from the Massachusetts district that contains his summer home—and his prospects are said to be good. He is the champion of the out in the republican party, and as such he tells no little amount of truth when he gets the floor, which he is sure to secure at some stage of the proceedings.

In this particular case, Dooly has been appointed deputy United States marshal, and this fact was made to serve as an excuse for practically placing him beyond the reach of the laws of the state. The solicitor of the circuit says that the assault for which Dooly was indicted was made by him not in the discharge of his duty as a deputy marshal, nor was it in any way connected therewith. The consequence is, as Judge Pottel points out, that like other removals intended to protect offenders rather than to promote justice, Dooly will undergo a form of trial in the United States court, with no one to press the case, with testimony, for his conviction, and this is not the only occurrence of a similar nature that has recently taken place in Judge Pottel's circuit and in Georgia.

Judge Pottel's letter is a most timely and earnest protest against a system which, by abusing the spirit of a law of congress, the federal courts have been enabled to put in operation. Apart from the mere technical question of state rights involved, it is a matter involving the execution of the laws. If the federal judges propose to sanction a system which has for its object the protection instead of the punishment of crime, they should make proclamation of their design and thereby save the state judiciary the trouble and expense of the preliminary looking to a trial. It is competent for a federal judge to take from a state court (for purposes of protection) a criminal who has been appointed a deputy marshal, but whose crime has not permitted him to longer discharge the duties of chancery. It is to be remarked, however, that Bismarck's health did not begin to fail until an adverse vote was recorded in the imperial parliament. The probabilities are the emperor will find a way to pacify his minister. It is not a difficult matter to reverse a vote in the German parliament, and that course will probably be adopted.

Events across the water are occurring with great rapidity. Russia suddenly acquired a dictator in General Melikoff, the Jesuits were told to go in France, Beaconsfield was unexpectedly seized in Great Britain, and now the great Bismarck insists that his health will not permit him to longer discharge the duties of chancery. It is to be remarked, however, that Bismarck's health did not begin to fail until an adverse vote was recorded in the imperial parliament. The probabilities are the emperor will find a way to pacify his minister. It is not a difficult matter to reverse a vote in the German parliament, and that course will probably be adopted.

MR. GLADSTONE'S chief personal triumph is found in his return for the precinct legally known as Edinburgh county, or Edinburghshire, or Midlothian. It lies almost wholly without the city of Edinburgh, and is almost entirely owned by the duke of Buccleuch. At the last general election in this precinct only 2,799 voters went to the polls and the election resulted in the return of the earl of Dalkeith, who is a son and heir of the duke of Buccleuch. The earl of Dalkeith is forty-nine years old and is widely popular among the peasantry of his earldom, far more so, indeed, than the old duke, was, but the magic of Mr. Gladstone's eloquence won the battle. Mr. Gladstone received 1,500 votes and the earl of Dalkeith 1,368. Mr. Gladstone thus being returned by a majority of 211 votes. The contest, however, was fought in Edinburghshire since the passage of the first reform bill. Each party used its utmost endeavors, and 2,947 voters came to the polls—148 more than at the former election. Under the circumstances Mr. Gladstone's victory is regarded as a great triumph.

The Adulteration of Sugar.
A circular from the leading sugar refiners of New York states that the adulteration of sugar by the admixture of glucose—a cheap substance manufactured from corn—is now carried on openly and avowedly, not by the leading refiners, but by manipulators who sell their product under the name of "new process sugar." Refined syrup is treated in a similar manner. This business is carried on extensively—extensively that it is becoming difficult to buy refined sugar that is free of glucose. The refiners participate in extremes of which they will become the principal victims, and they also believe this business of adulteration will, if not checked, be practiced in every part of the country, by both wholesale and retail dealers. The process is very simple, and the material used is not worth half the price of sugar. It is said that the mixed article is now shipped without any distinct brand whatever, thus going to the buyer, or at least to the consumer, as pure sugar. "Certainly," say the New York refiners, "there should be prompt legislation in every state making it a misdemeanor for manufacturers and wholesale or retail dealers to sell adulterated goods without full notice to purchasers. It is worth mentioning that the number and capacity of the manufacturers of glucose are being largely increased throughout the country. The consuming public are now paying for adulterated sugar a price beyond its actual worth, because they consider the color alone. Pure refined sugar of grades which can be adulterated cannot long maintain a contest against the mixed article if the people prefer or are willing to buy the latter, and in that case the refiners will be compelled to supply it at its actual value and below its present market rate." This is a matter that we hope will not be lost sight of when the legislature meets in November. No less than seven glucose factories were organized, mostly in Illinois, last week; and their profits are to be derived through a sale of the stuff they produce as pure sugar. In other words, some one is to take from consumers, in exchange for a ready profit, what will be at the risk of fine and imprisonment. The adulteration of food may go far enough, and the line may as well be drawn at sugar and syrup.

Federal Interference in Georgia.
The disposition of federal officials in Georgia to encroach upon the rights of the state, and to interfere with the execution of the laws, has reached such a

gravating proportion of late as to retard and prevent the proper administration of justice. The attention of Governor Colquitt, we learn, has been called to the matter by Judge E. H. Pottel, of the Northern circuit, who makes a formal protest against the abuse by federal officials of the law of congress which provides for the removal of cases from state to United States courts. A case cited by Judge Pottel is that of William Dooly, a lifelong citizen of Hart county. At the September term of the superior court, Dooly was indicted by the grand jury for various crimes and misdemeanors, one of the indictments being for assault with intent to commit murder. When the cases were called for trial at the March term of the court, Judge Pottel was presented with a document, emanating from the United States district judge, commanding him to produce the body of Dooly before that judge on the second Monday in March, a week prior to the spring term of March superior court. There is a law of congress, as we have already stated, under which this proceeding was taken out, but Judge Pottel protests most earnestly against the use of the statute whereby the state's attorney endeavored to protect, in her own courts, the lives of unoffending citizens.

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New York Tribune—a bitter organ of the opposition—languishes on the news and opinion pages of the New York and Courier why they deserve him. It is a very pertinent question. What has Mr. Tilden done as a representative democrat—as the leader of the party—to command him to the contempt of democrats? What is there in his record to be despised to-day that was not despisable in 1876? Did he sell himself out in South Carolina in that memorable year, or was he sold out? It has been charged by prominent South Carolina politicians that he was sold out in order to secure the state to the democrats without a contest; would the bolt which the Charleston paper threatens to organize be directed against those who are charged with bargaining in 1876?

The CONSTITUTION is not the partisan of Mr. Tilden. We have demonstrated that he has no opposition in Georgia, and a canvass among the people would show that he has no opposition worthy of the name in any portion of the south; but at the same time it is clear to us that it must be clear to any thoughtful democrat, that he is not an available candidate for nomination at Cincinnati unless he can demonstrate his ability to浩然 the powerful faction led by John Kelly. If he cannot do this, the result of the election in New York last fall is an evidence that Mr. Tilden cannot carry New York, and that the democrates lose New York, the country, and the nation. We have enough of Blaine.

Mr. Edmunds Knows how to Win.
Springfield Republicen.

It is high time to serve notice on Edmunds' friends, wherever they may be, that he is not a fit man to be nominated for president. His known signature fails to appear at the bottom of the names of the candidates for Congress. That coat the republican party, though it is not the best possible, is the best possible. The capture of the capital by the rebels, in a hand-to-hand struggle on the floor of Congress, has demonstrated the need of a strong leader.

He is a man of great energy.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton, middling uplands, closed in Liverpool yesterday at 75-10; in New York, 195-60; in Atlanta, 12.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates to-day for Georgia, partly cloudy weather, northeasterly winds, stationary or lower temperature, rising barometer.

TO THE TRADE STRICTLY.
At Manufacturers' Prices.

Crockery, Glass, Lamps, Stamped and Wire-Ware, Glases, Sets, Thermometer, Watch, Toilet Sets, Hotel and Saloon Fixtures. BEST GOODS at rock bottom prices to prompt Cash paying Merchants.

For all your hardware, tools, hardware, steel, sheet, freight, insurance and return business, buy from McBRIDE & CO. THEY IMPORT AND MANUFACTURE and can meet the closest prices.

523 Janes-^{2d}-day on us we rep. please.

PREFERRED LOCALS.

ELGIN WATCHES,
WALTHAM WATCHES,
HOWARD WATCHES.

In Gold and Silver Cases. Largest stock in the city.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,
OFFICE OF CRAIGIE & CO.,
43 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA. Wholesale Distributing Depot for the
"Domestic Sewing Machine."

TO THE TRADE.—The destruction of S. M. O. C. O. in October last, has caused us to postpone the supply of machines that we could afford to do so, until we will not permit of our taking additional orders. We will, however, fill all orders, and fill all orders now on file with little delay, but we cannot do more than that until the arrival of our new supplies.

CRAGGE & CO.

Royal Arcanum. To-night (Thursday 8th) 8 o'clock. A full moon. The stars, brilliant and clear, will be seen to the west of the sun, the two. Two instillations. Meet promptly at the new hall over Lowry's bank. G. S. PRIOR, Secretary.

To all whose attention may be attracted by this advertisement:

JOHN RYAN

Desires them to read it carefully and compare a few of the prices with the quotations of any house in the United States.

5,000 yards beautiful Prints at 5c.

500 yards of Pacific Lams with and without side bands at 10c—new styles.

One lot of genuine Trefousse Kid Gloves at \$1.00 per pair, same goods advertised elsewhere at \$2.00, and then thought cheap.

20 dozen of 6-button Kid Gloves, all shades, at 75c per pair, advertised elsewhere at \$1.00.

50 pieces Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, all shades at 15c yard, reduced from 25 and 40c.

100 pieces figured Pique at 6-1/2c, worth 10c.

50 doz. undressed Kid Gloves at 35c per pair, sold elsewhere at 75c.

Big lot of Hamburg Edgings cheap.

50 pieces Ribbons, marked down from \$1.50 to 50c, big bargain. Now you will see the best bargain yet, just received by express from the late big auction sale in New York.

50 pieces all styles in striped Silks at 50c per yard. These same goods are now sold all over the Southern States at 75c.

5 pieces Black Gros Grain Silk at \$1.00 per yard, that cannot be matched under \$2.75 elsewhere.

50 pieces of Straw Matting, very cheap.

25 pieces of fancy Straw Matting.

NEW ATTRACTION --- GARMENTS SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

JOHN RYAN

is determined to place within the reach of all, and at their own expenses. Carpets. So give him a call, Whitehall street.

A Wonderful Thought.

The human skin throws off its secretions through 7,000,000 pores, 2,800 pores being to the square inch of the body. Common sense teaches that this action of the skin will absorb, and it is by this action that Flags' Lives and Bloods. Pad effects its cure with the help of nature.

Free treatment and Pads for sale! At Room No. 4 Railroad Block.

aprt 2d or 3d col

EXTRA BARGAINS
PARLOR GOODS THIS WEEK,

H. W. THOMAS & CO'S.

000 apre-^{2d} tues-^{3d} thur-^{4d}

Dr. L. Guy Lewis, of Fulton, Ark., was ill. On May 1st he was taken, a friend argued, to the office of Dr. T. J. Pills that I was induced to use them. ever did medicine have a happier effect in any case. I am an old man of a quarter of a century. I practice the best anti-slavery medicines ever used. have prescribed them in my practice ever since." aprd-^{2d}-^{3d}

Prime Minister.

Best 10c Cigar ever introduced, at wholesale. Howard, Wood & Co.

aprt 4d

FISH!
Fresh Salmon!

Pompano.

Shad, etc. at EMERY'S.
aprt 4d

Master Stroke.
Best 5c Cigar ever introduced, wholesale. Howard, Wood & Co.

aprt 4d

Friend David L.
Friend who sold goods in Atlanta or surrounding country, says that Atkins, McKelvin & Co. import and manufacture. But A. McK. & Co. continue to live and good goods cheaper than the cheapest. Reader, if you don't it, can around and examine price before giving it.

35 Peachtree street, is the place.
aprt 4d-^{2d} or 3d col

DR. RUSSELL'S SOOTHING CORDIAL.
If you would give your children a sure yet painless remedy.

15 aprs-^{2d}-^{3d}

John Keely, the Leader of Low Prices in Atlanta.

SPEECH OF HON. W. H. FELTON,

Of Georgia, in the House of Representatives, March 29, 1880.

Mr. FELTON.—At the present time I shall introduce a bill for the purpose of doing so. I send it to the clerk that it may be read.

The clerk read as follows:

It is enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the State of Georgia, that the secretary of the treasury be authorized and required to redeem bonds of the United States, and to pay interest thereon, to the amount of the gold and silver coins which may be in the treasury at the time in excess of twenty per cent of the outstanding amount of said bonds.

Section 2. The secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to print upon silver bullion to the amount of \$10,000,000 per month with the amount of gold and silver bullion to be paid for said bullion to be purchased at par with said lawful money; and the secretary of the treasury is directed to provide cash paying merchants with sufficient amount of bonds redeemed, and semi-annual interest on the same, to prompt cash paying merchants to accept the amount of the gold and silver coins which may be in the treasury at the time in excess of twenty per cent of the outstanding amount of said bonds.

Section 3. The secretary of the treasury is hereinafter directed to print upon silver bullion to the amount of \$10,000,000 per month with the amount of gold and silver bullion to be paid for said bullion to be purchased at par with said lawful money; and the secretary of the treasury is directed to provide cash paying merchants with sufficient amount of bonds redeemed, and semi-annual interest on the same, to prompt cash paying merchants to accept the amount of the gold and silver coins which may be in the treasury at the time in excess of twenty per cent of the outstanding amount of said bonds.

Mr. FELTON.—Mr. Chairman, one of the most important questions which will engage the attention of this congress will be the refunding of the public debt, or at least the reduction of the same. It is well known that when the refunding acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, were passed by congress, the national debt was so enormous, and in such a condition, that the country was so unequal as to well-nigh close the mouths of those who are opposed to all refunding legislation, and to prevent the passage of such bills.

We must confess that the refunding provided for in these acts was not so great as was intended, and the figures above do not alarm us. Macaulay, in his history of the national debt and funding system of England, says of it: "Opposed to the

expeditionary war, the national debt was increased by interest—all this exclusive

of the principal debt."

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Ladies' Underwear.

Beautiful lace Underwear for Ladies—ALL STYLES. Handmade Dressings, Stockings, Underskirts, Chemises.

Night Dresses, Corset Covers, etc., etc.

SPRING CASSIMERES!

Just opened a beautiful lot Imported Cassimeres, English, French & German Goods, for Gent's Spring Suits

MOUNING GOODS.

We have given this department special attention this season, and can show the most complete stock of all the best fabrics for

DEEP MOUNING AND HALF MOUNING DRESS GOODS

EVER KNOWN IN THIS MARKET.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

60 and 65 WHITEHALL STREET.

500 yards each.

500 yards each.